

Seminar "Current Trends for Self-* Systems"

Introduction to Scientific Writing and Presentation Techniques

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Content

1. Goals of the seminar
2. Scientific Organizations / Publications
3. Instructions for the seminar paper writing
4. Presentation tips

Goals of the Seminar

- Independent research of a given topic is based on:
 - Search for related literature
 - Define domain specific terms
 - Identify the research questions of the topic domain
 - Understand the solution approaches
- Written seminar paper consists of:
 - Structured elaboration
 - Clear presentation of questions and results
 - Citing and discussion of existing work
 - A glossary (optional)

Goals of the Seminar

- Seminar presentation is based on:
 - Structured talk
 - Clear presentation of questions and results
 - Slide preparation for the presentation
 - Answering the questions related to the presentation
- Scientific discussion requires to:
 - Take an active part in the discussion
 - Formulate and ask questions

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Scientific Organizations

- ACM – Association for Computing Machinery
 - <http://www.acm.org/>
 - Special Interest Groups (SIG)
 - SIGSOFT – Software Engineering
 - <http://www.sigsoft.org/>
- IEEE CS (Computer Science)
 - <http://www.computer.org/portal/web/guest/home>
- GI – Gesellschaft für Informatik
 - <http://www.gi.de/>
 - Fachbereiche / Fachgruppen

Scientific Publications

- (peer) reviewed publications
- Books
- Journals
 - Examples
 - Software and Systems Modeling
 - IEEE Software
 - IEEE Transactions on Software Engineering
- Proceedings
 - Conference, Symposium, Workshop
 - Examples
 - ICSE – International Conference on Software Engineering
 - <http://2011.icse-conferences.org/>
 - SEAMS - Symposium on Software Engineering for Adaptive and Self-Managed Systems
 - <http://www.hpi.uni-potsdam.de/giese/gforge/events/2011/seams2011/>
- Technical Report

Scientific Publications: Organization

- Journal
 - Publisher (e.g., Springer, Elsevier, ...)
 - Editor-in-Chief
 - Editorial Board
 - Reviewers
- Conference/Workshop
 - General Chair
 - Programme Chair
 - Programme Committee
- Publication Cycle:
 - think/research – write – submit – review – (if accepted) finalize - print

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Format of the Seminar Paper

- Basic structure of the seminar paper:
 - Front page
 - Content of the paper (15 pages)
 - Including references and figures
- Writing style
 - Template „LNCS“ (Lecture Notes in Computer Science)
 - You can find style files here:

<http://www.springer.com/computer/lncs?SGWID=0-164-7-72376-0>

Front Page

- Title of the seminar
- Semester
- Title of the paper
- Author's information:
 - Name
 - Email
 - Matriculation number
- Supervisor's name

Content of the Paper

- Title
 - Author
 - Keywords
 - Abstract
-
1. Introduction / motivation
 2. Background / problem description / discussion of the related work
 3. Description of the approach
 4. Example/ proof-of-concept / evaluation/ critical reflection
 5. Conclusion
-
- References

Abstract

- Size: 5 - 10 lines
- Description of the main message!
- Description of the scientific contribution
- The abstract must answer 4 questions:
 - What is the problem?
 - Why is the problem a problem?
 - What is the solution?
 - Why is the solution a solution?

1. Introduction / Motivation

- Topic description in context of the general problem domain
 - Logically guide the reader to your point of view
 - Logical description of the problem statement
 - Clear description of why a solution is required
 - Clear description of the requirements for the solution
 - Description (on an abstract level) of the proposed solution
 - Description of the paper structure

2. Background / Related Work

- Each section starts with a brief introduction about its content
- Task specification
 - Which solutions already exist?
 - Literature survey - it is different from an enumeration of the literature!
 - Citing of the literature
 - Deriving the requirements for a new solution approach
 - Precise requirement definition for the described solution approach
- Short description of the technical foundations for the described solution approach
 - Summary of the used approaches

3. Description of the Approach

- Motivating / integrated example
- Highlighting the most important results with reasoning
- Diagrams for further illustration

4. Example / Evaluation

- Explanation on the basis of a detailed example
- Critical reflection
 - highlighting the strengths
 - pointing out the weaknesses

5. Conclusion

- Short summary of the paper content
- Balancing with the requirements specified earlier
- Open questions
 - What can be further investigated?

References

- Approximately 10 references
- Not web-page links only
- Not Wikipedia only
- Original literature

References

For web-page links

- Complete information (author/organization, web-link)
- Additionally, information about when it was accessed last time

For independently published sources (e.g. books)

- Name(s) of the author(s)
- Title
- Publishing place
- Publishing year of the edition

[1] Agha, G.: *ACTORS – A Model of Concurrent Computation*, The MIT Press, Cambridge, MA, 1986

References

For non-independently published sources
(articles in journals, proceedings, etc.)

- Name(s) of the author(s)
- Title of the article
- Title of the editor
- Series
- Volume number
- Publishing place and year
- Page number of the source

[2] Adler, R. M.: *Distributed Coordination Models for Client/Server Computing*, IEEE Computer, 28(4):14-22, Apr. 1995

Additional Tips: Writing Style

- Should be appropriate for the topic and target audience
 - No extensive explanation of the areas, whose knowledge is already existing
- but also
- No explanation totally incomprehensible for the reader

Additional Tips: Diagrams

- Diagrams are often very helpful and facilitate the understanding significantly
- Diagrams must be explained in the text!
- Diagram must be numbered
- A caption must be given for the diagram

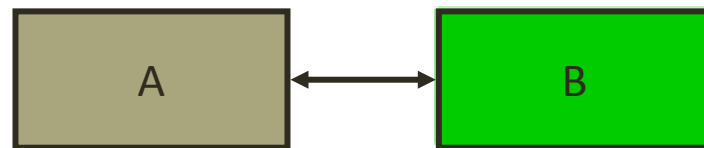


Fig. 1: The Relationship between A and B

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Organisation of the Presentation

- Media
 - Beamer
 - PowerPoint or PDF presentation
 - Whiteboard
 - Handwritten notes, etc.
- Structure
 - Title slide (topic, name, date)
 - Outline
 - Slides that describe the seminar work
 - Summary

Slides Organisation

- Not crowded
- Not use too small font
- **Not too colorful**
- Better keywords then the whole sentence

Example

- This text is written in 32 pt
- This text is written in 28 pt
- This text is written in 24 pt
- This text is written in 20 pt
- This text is written in 18 pt
- This text is written in 16 pt
- This text is written in 14 pt
- This text is written in 12 pt
- This text is written in 10 pt
- This text is written in 9 pt
- This text is written in 8 pt
- This text is written in 7 pt

General Presentation Techniques

- Be sure in the beginning that all participants understand the topic, problem and its context
- Present clearly
- Explanation with diagrams is highly desirable
- Suggested time (per slide) is approximately 2-5 minutes
 - Maximum approximately 50 words per slide
 - Seminar participants should have time to read the text on a slide several times

General Presentation Techniques

- Hold a trial presentation before the seminar
- Estimate the required time – there are often false estimations
- Plan the time for questions during the presentation
- Leave time for a subsequent discussion
- Make clear at the end of the talk that the presentation is completed
 - Ask for the questions
- Discuss open questions with all seminar participants